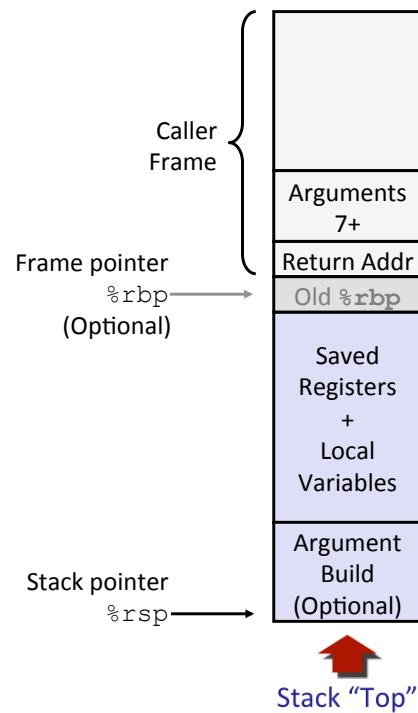


# Stack Frame Components



# Recursion Example

```
/* Recursive popcount */  
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {  
    if (x == 0)  
        return 0;  
    else  
        return (x & 1)  
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);  
}
```

```
pcount_r:  
    movl    $0, %eax  
    testq   %rdi, %rdi  
    je     .L6  
    pushq  %rbx  
    movq   %rdi, %rbx  
    andl   $1, %ebx  
    shrq   %rdi  
    call   pcount_r  
    addq   %rbx, %rax  
    popq   %rbx  
.L6:  
    rep; ret
```

# Recursion Base Case

```

/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0)
        return 0;
    else
        return (x & 1)
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}

```

```

pcount_r:
    movl    $0, %eax
    testq  %rdi, %rdi
    je     .L6
    pushq  %rbx
    movq   %rdi, %rbx
    andl   $1, %ebx
    shrq   %rdi
    call   pcount_r
    addq   %rbx, %rax
    popq   %rbx
.L6:
    rep; ret

```

Register	Use(s)	Type
%rdi	x	Argument
%rax	Return value	Return value

# Recursion Register Save

```

/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0)
        return 0;
    else
        return (x & 1)
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}

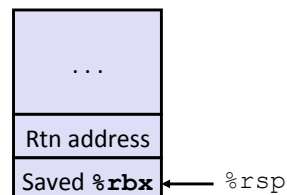
```

```

pcount_r:
    movl    $0, %eax
    testq  %rdi, %rdi
    je     .L6
    pushq  %rbx
    movq   %rdi, %rbx
    andl   $1, %ebx
    shrq   %rdi
    call   pcount_r
    addq   %rbx, %rax
    popq   %rbx
.L6:
    rep; ret

```

Register	Use(s)	Type
%rdi	x	Argument



# Recursion Call Setup

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0)
        return 0;
    else
        return (x & 1)
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
    movl    $0, %eax
    testq  %rdi, %rdi
    je     .L6
    pushq  %rbx
    movq   %rdi, %rbx
    andl   $1, %ebx
    shrq   %rdi
    call   pcount_r
    addq   %rbx, %rax
    popq   %rbx
.L6:
    rep; ret
```

Register	Use(s)	Type
%rdi	x >> 1	Rec. argument
%rbx	x & 1	Callee-saved

# Recursive Call

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0)
        return 0;
    else
        return (x & 1)
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
    movl    $0, %eax
    testq  %rdi, %rdi
    je     .L6
    pushq  %rbx
    movq   %rdi, %rbx
    andl   $1, %ebx
    shrq   %rdi
    call   pcount_r
    addq   %rbx, %rax
    popq   %rbx
.L6:
    rep; ret
```

Register	Use(s)	Type
%rbx	x & 1	Callee-saved
%rax	Recursive call return value	

# Recursion Result

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0)
        return 0;
    else
        return (x & 1)
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
    movl    $0, %eax
    testq   %rdi, %rdi
    je     .L6
    pushq   %rbx
    movq   %rdi, %rbx
    andl   $1, %ebx
    shrq   %rdi
    call   pcount_r
    addq   %rbx, %rax
    popq   %rbx
.L6:
    rep; ret
```

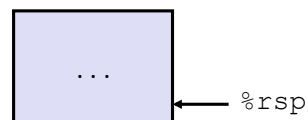
Register	Use(s)	Type
%rbx	x & 1	Callee-saved
%rax	Return value	

# Recursion Result

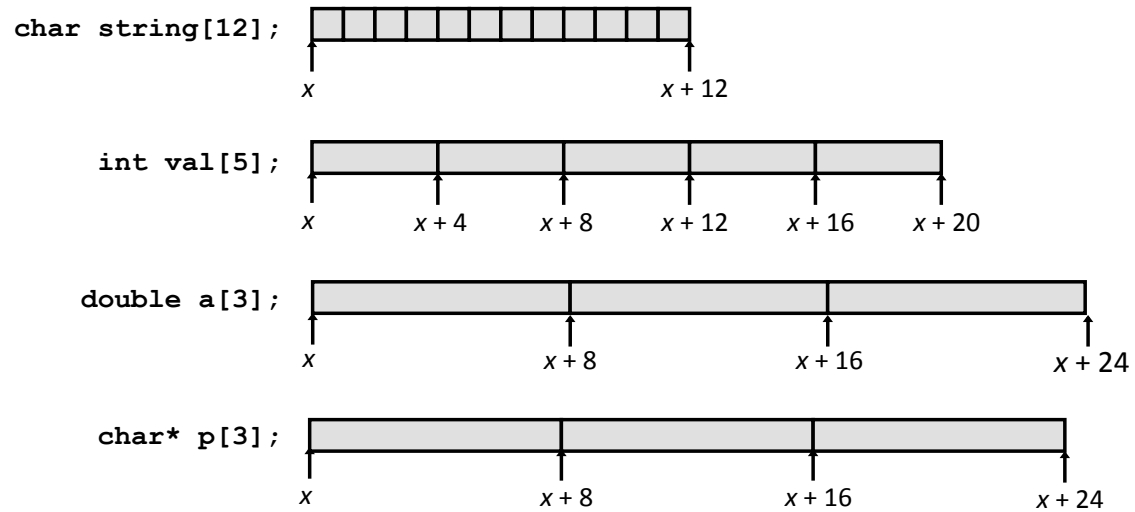
```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0)
        return 0;
    else
        return (x & 1)
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
    movl    $0, %eax
    testq   %rdi, %rdi
    je     .L6
    pushq   %rbx
    movq   %rdi, %rbx
    andl   $1, %ebx
    shrq   %rdi
    call   pcount_r
    addq   %rbx, %rax
    popq   %rbx
.L6:
    rep; ret
```

Register	Use(s)	Type
%rax	Return value	Return value



# Array Allocation



# Array Access

```
int get_val(int a[], int i) {  
    return a[i];  
}
```

```
# %rdi = a  
# %rsi = i  
movl (%rdi,%rsi,4), %eax # a[i]
```

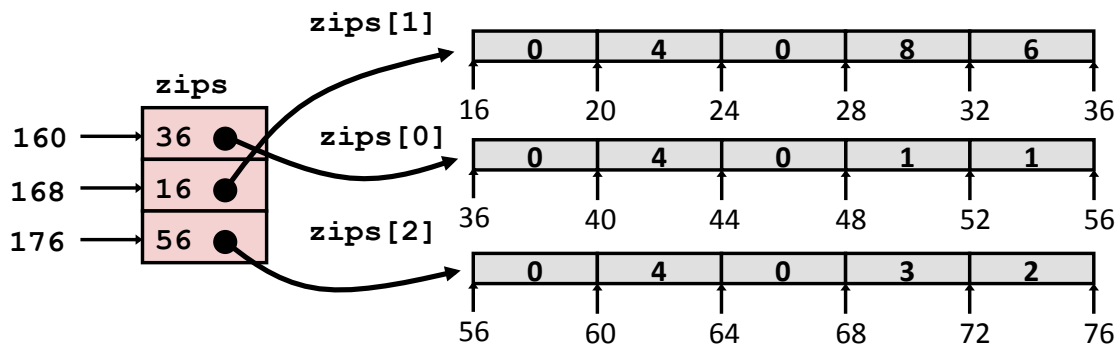
# Array Looping

```
void inc5(int a[]) {  
    size_t i;  
    for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)  
        a[i]++;  
}
```

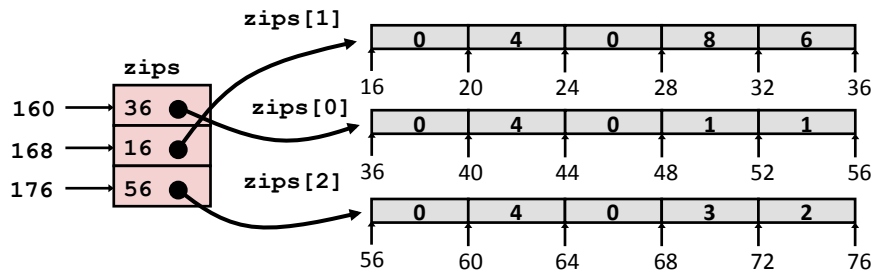
```
# %rdi = a  
movl    $0, %eax          # i = 0  
jmp     .L3              # goto middle  
.L4:                          # loop:  
addl    $1, (%rdi,%rax,4) # a[i]++  
addq    $1, %rax         # i++  
.L3:                          # middle  
cmpq    $4, %rax        # i:4  
jbe     .L4             # if <=, goto loop  
rep; ret
```

# Multi-Level Array

```
int* zips[3];  
zips[0] = (int*) malloc(sizeof(int)*5);  
...
```



# Multi-Level Array Example

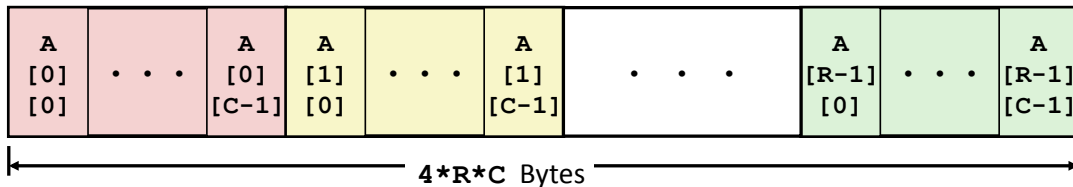


```
int get_zip_digit
(size_t index, size_t digit)
{
    return zips[index][digit];
}
```

```
salq    $2, %rsi          # 4*digit
addq    160(,%rdi,8), %rsi # p = zips[index] + 4*digit
movl    (%rsi), %eax      # return *p
ret
```

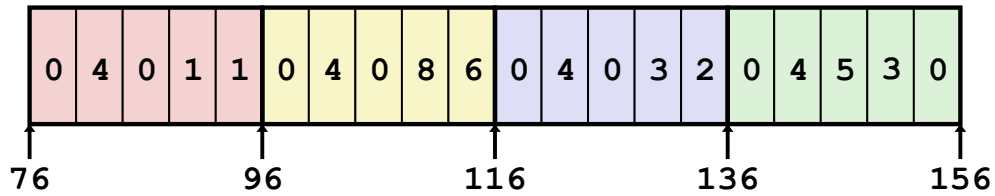
# Nested Array

```
int A[R][C];
```



# Nested Array Example

```
int zips[4][5];
```

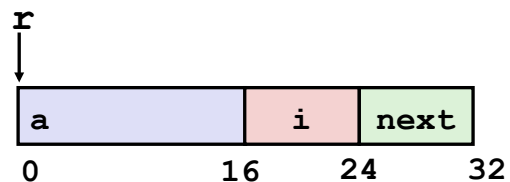


```
int* get_zip(int index)
{
    return zips[index];
}
```

```
# %rdi = index
leaq (%rdi,%rdi,4),%rax # 5 * index
leaq 76(,%rax,4),%rax # zips + (20 * index)
```

# C Structs

```
struct rec {
    int a[4];
    size_t i;
    struct rec* next;
};
```



```
struct rec x;
struct rec y;
```

```
x.i = 5;
x.a[1] = 2;
x.next = &y;
```

```
y = x; // copy full struct
```

```
struct rec* z;
z = &y;
```

```
// form 1
(*z).i = 7; // NOT z.i = 7;
```

```
// form 2 (preferred)
z->i = 7;
```



# typedef

```
// give type T another name: U
typedef T U;

// example: defines a type "struct rec"
// and typedefs it with another name "rec"
typedef struct rec {
    ...
} rec;

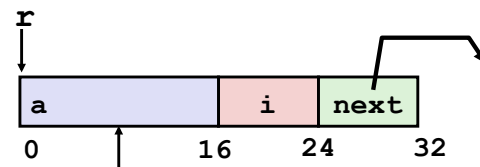
rec x; // now can omit "struct"
x.i = 5;

rec* p = (rec*) malloc(sizeof(rec));
p->i = 3;
```

# Linked List Example

```
struct rec {
    int a[4];
    int i;
    struct rec* next;
};
```

```
void set_val
(struct rec* r, int val)
{
    while (r) {
        int i = r->i;
        r->a[i] = val;
        r = r->next;
    }
}
```

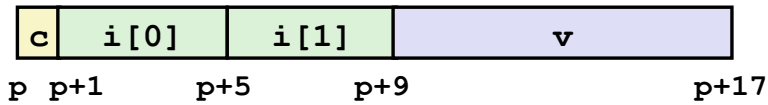


Register	Value
%rdi	r
%rsi	val

```
.L11:                                # loop:
    movslq 16(%rdi), %rax              # i = M[r+16]
    movl   %esi, (%rdi,%rax,4)        # M[r+4*i] = val
    movq   24(%rdi), %rdi             # r = M[r+24]
    testq  %rdi, %rdi                 # Test r
    jne   .L11                        # if !=0 goto loop
```

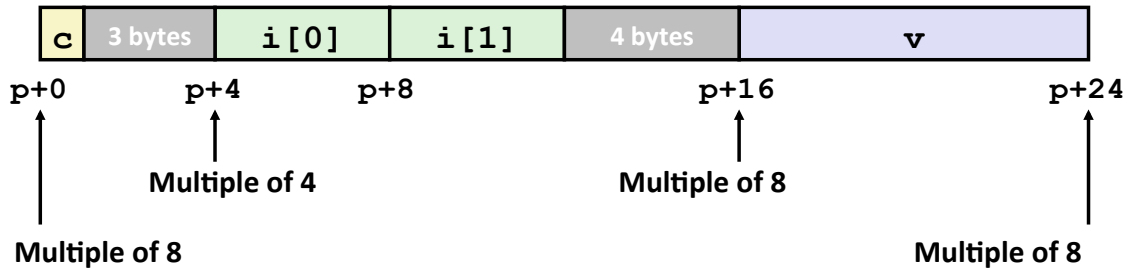
# Data Alignment

## Unaligned Data



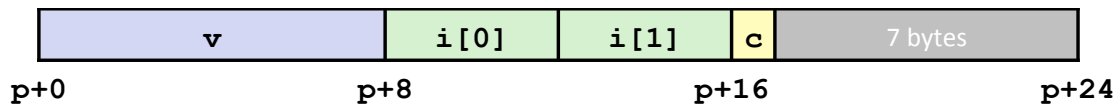
```
struct S1 {  
    char c;  
    int i[2];  
    double v;  
} *p;
```

## Aligned Data



# Struct Data Alignment

```
struct S2 {  
    double v;  
    int i[2];  
    char c;  
} *p;
```



Multiple of 8 (largest alignment in struct)

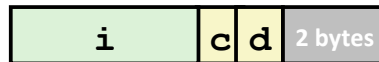
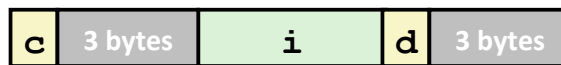
# Saving Space

Put large data types first

```
struct S4 {  
    char c;  
    int i;  
    char d;  
} *p;
```



```
struct S5 {  
    int i;  
    char c;  
    char d;  
} *p;
```



# Floating Point: YMM/XMM Registers

- 16 single-byte integers



- 8 16-bit integers



- 4 32-bit integers



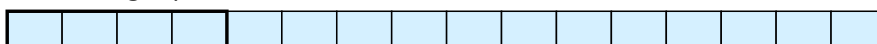
- 4 single-precision floats



- 2 double-precision floats



- 1 single-precision float



- 1 double-precision float

