

[more quarks]

(18) MQ-1

[About 1965]	Leptons	ν_e	ν_μ
		e^-	μ^-
	Quarks	u	s
		d	

Glashow proposed a new "charmed" quark c [wouldn't it be charming?]
 w/ a property called charm C

[Nov 1974] New meson discovered ψ / $m \sim 3000$ MeV [→ see plot.]

called $\begin{cases} \psi & \text{[SLAC, Richter]} \\ J & \text{[BNL, Ting]} \end{cases}$
 \downarrow [PPB, toward end of mesons, p 116 in 2018 edition]
 $J/\psi = \text{charmonium} = c\bar{c} \quad m \sim 3100$ MeV

$\Rightarrow m_c \sim 1500$ MeV

Other charmed mesons soon discovered

$D^+ = c\bar{d} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} m \sim 1900$ MeV
 $D^0 = c\bar{u}$

$D_s^+ = c\bar{s} \quad m \sim 2000$ MeV

Charmed baryons

$\Sigma_c^{++} = cuu$ [analogous to $\Sigma \sim \begin{matrix} suu \\ sud \\ sdd \end{matrix}$]
 $\Lambda_c^+ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Sigma_c^+ = cud \\ \Sigma_c^0 = cdd \end{array} \right.$
 $\Xi_c^{++} = ccu$
 $\Xi_c^+ = ccu$ and $\Omega_c^{++} = ccc$
 $\Xi_c^0 = ccd$

Non-charmed: Σ - 1 e xists.
 Ξ - 2 e xists.
 Ω - 3 e xists.

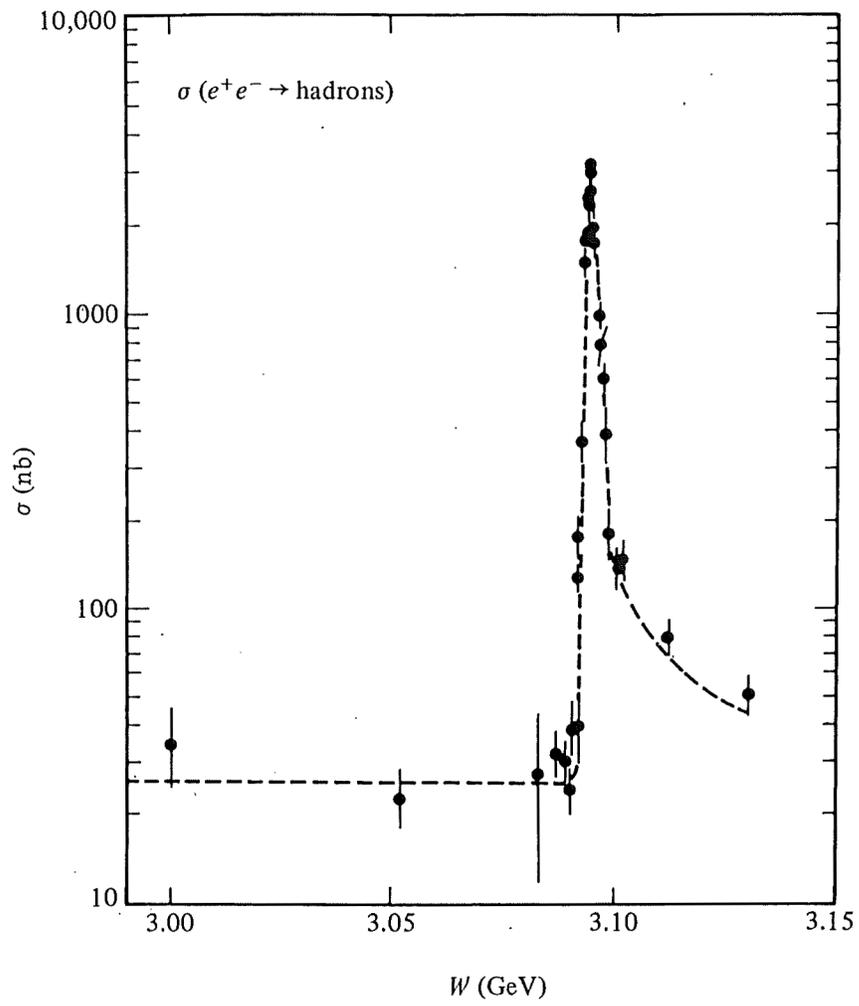
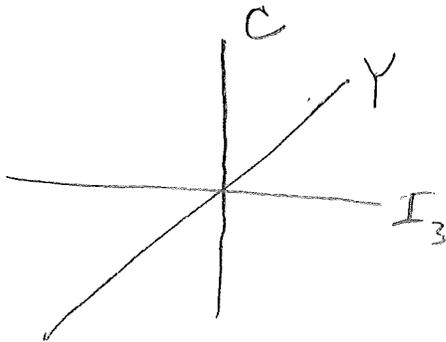


Fig. 10.23. Total hadron production cross section in e^+e^- collisions near 3.1 GeV and the J/ψ peak. [From A. M. Boyarski et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **34**, 1357 (1975).]

[New quantum number \Rightarrow another dimension to weight diagram]

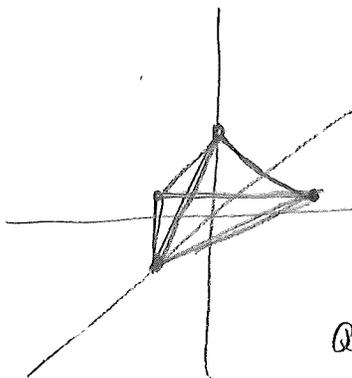


Use hypercharge Y instead of S

$$Y = S + A - \frac{1}{3}C$$

	I_3	A	S	C	Y
u	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{3}$
d	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{3}$
c	0	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	1	0
s	0	$\frac{1}{3}$	-1	0	$-\frac{2}{3}$

[Prob: express Q as ...]



tetrahedron

Quarks belong to $\underline{4}$ of $SU(4)$

Mesons belong to $\underline{4} \otimes \overline{\underline{4}} = \underline{15} \oplus \underline{1}$
 \uparrow
 cuboctahedron

Baryons belong to $\underline{4} \otimes \underline{4} \otimes \underline{4} = \underline{20} \oplus \underbrace{\underline{20}_S \oplus \underline{20}_A}_{\text{truncated pyramids}} \oplus \overline{\underline{4}}$
 \uparrow pyramid \uparrow inverted tetrahedron

Third generation

ν_e	ν_μ	ν_τ	(disc 1999)	
e^-	μ^-	τ^-	(disc 1975)	top/bottom
u	c	t	(disc 1994)	truth/beauty
d	s	b	(disc 1977)	

(1977) $\Upsilon = \text{upsilon} = \text{bottomium } b\bar{b}$ $m \sim 10 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow m_b \sim 5 \text{ GeV}$

(1983) B-mesons: contain one b or \bar{b} [analogs to K's, D's]

$$B^+ = u\bar{b}$$

$$B^0 = d\bar{b}$$

$$B_s^0 = s\bar{b}$$

$$B_c^+ = c\bar{b} \text{ etc.}$$

Beautiful baryons

(1981) $\Lambda_b = udb$

Top quark, long anticipated, not disc. until 1994 at Fermilab
 Decays so quickly that no mesons are formed
 $\Gamma \sim 1.4 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow 5 \times 10^{-25} \text{ s} \ll 10^{-23} \text{ s}$

Why such a wide range of quark masses?

Why 3 generations?