

# CPS 130 Homework 12

## Red-Black Trees

*Write and justify your answers in the space provided.*<sup>1</sup>

1. (CLRS 13.1-5) Show that the longest simple path from a node  $x$  in a red-black tree to a descendant leaf has length at most twice that of the shortest simple path from node  $x$  to a descendant leaf

2. (CLRS 13.1-6) What is the largest possible number of internal nodes in a red-black tree with black-height  $k$ ? What is the smallest possible number?

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<sup>1</sup>Collaboration is allowed, even encouraged, provided that the names of the collaborators are listed along with the solutions. Students must write up the solutions on their own.

3. (CLRS 13-2) The **join** operation takes two dynamic sets  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  and an element  $x$  such that for any  $x_1 \in S_1$  and  $x_2 \in S_2$ , we have  $key[x_1] \leq key[x] \leq key[x_2]$ . It returns a set  $S = S_1 \cup \{x\} \cup S_2$ . In this problem, we investigate how to implement the join operation on red-black trees.

- (a) Given a red-black tree  $T$ , we store its black-height as the field  $bh[T]$ . Argue that this field can be maintained by RB-INSERT and RB-DELETE without requiring extra storage in the tree and without increasing the asymptotic running times. Show while descending through  $T$ , we can determine the black-height of each node we visit in  $O(1)$  time per node visited.

We wish to implement the operation RB-JOIN( $T_1, x, T_2$ ) which destroys  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  and returns a red-black tree  $T = T_1 \cup \{x\} \cup T_2$ . Let  $n$  be the total number of nodes in  $T_1$  and  $T_2$ .

- (b) Assume without loss of generality that  $bh[T_1] \geq bh[T_2]$ . Describe an  $O(\lg n)$  time algorithm that finds a black node  $y$  in  $T_1$  with the largest key from among those nodes whose black-height is  $bh[T_2]$ .
- (c) Let  $T_y$  be the subtree rooted at  $y$ . Describe how  $T_y$  can be replaced by  $T_y \cup \{x\} \cup T_2$  in  $O(1)$  time without destroying the binary-search-tree property.
- (d) What color should we make  $x$  so that red-black properties 1, 2, and 4 are maintained? Describe how property 3 can be enforced in  $O(\lg n)$  time.
- (e) Argue that the running time of RB-JOIN is  $O(\lg n)$

