## Class work: Selection-sort

Note: As usual, we denote the size of $A$ by $n$.

Selection-Sort $(A)$
1 For $i=0$ to (?)
$2 k=$ the index of the smallest element among $A[i], A[i+1], \ldots, A[n-1]$
3 swap $A[i]$ with $A[k]$

1. Show how this works on $A=(3,1,5,7,4,6,2)$.
2. Think about how you would implement line 2 in the algorithm.
3. Finish the for loop (What is last value of $i$ ?).
